

# Contents

MALDON DISTRICT LOCAL DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK | Supplementary Planning Document: Heybridge Basin Timber Yard

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## Introduction 1

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### 1 Introduction



Picture 1. Heybridge Basin seen from the air

### **Background**

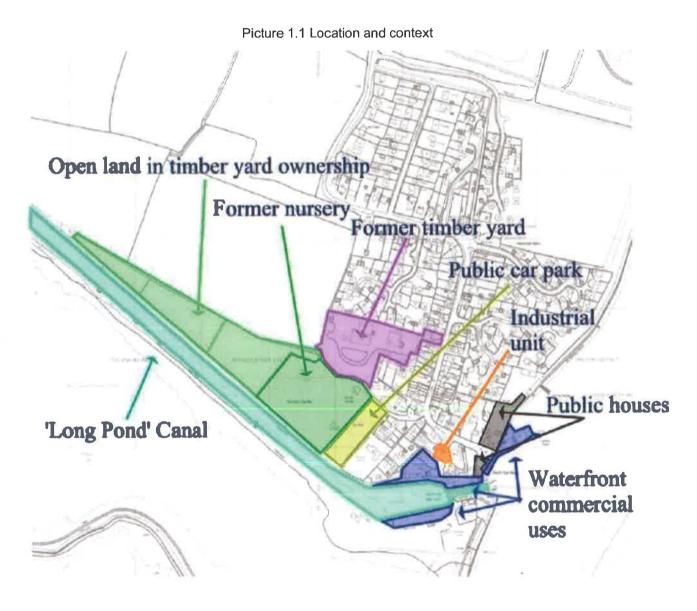
- 1.1 The Timber Yard at Heybridge Basin became vacant in 1988. Shortly afterwards a planning application was approved for the redevelopment of most of the open storage area on the site. That was developed and is now known as Blackwater Close.
- 1.2 The remaining part of the site that included the old sawmill buildings remained undeveloped. That land was allocated for employment use in the 1996 Review of the Local Plan. The land has not been developed and in 2004 the Inspector at the Replacement Local Plan Inquiry recommended the land be developed for mixed use in accordance with a development brief to be prepared by the Council. The development brief is being prepared as a Supplementary Planning Document under Policy E3 of the Maldon District Replacement Local Plan.

# 1 Introduction

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### Area covered by the brief

1.3 This brief only covers the area of the former Timber Yard site (shaded pink) as shown on this map.



### Purpose of the brief

- 1.4 The purpose of the brief is as follows:
  - The brief provides a vision for the area to act as a framework for future development proposals.

## Introduction 1

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- The brief identifies development opportunities and provides guidance on land uses, site planning and building scale, form and detailing to make more efficient use of the land, help achieve development quality and ensure that new development improves the relationship between the Timber Yard and the historic built form in the area. The guidance provides greater certainty for the land owner and prospective developers.
- The document will provide guidance for the District Council to assist in the determination of any future planning application.
- The consultation exercise on this brief has provided a forum for the Parish Council, local
  amenity societies and local people to influence the evolution of a key development in
  the heart of the village.

#### Status of this document

- 1.5 This document will be adopted as a Supplementary Planning Document in accordance with the commitments set out in the Adopted Local Development Scheme.
- 1.6 It has been subject to extensive public consultation and community engagement. In autumn 2005, the District Council invited members of the local community who represented the majority of local interests to take part in a Stakeholder Group. This met a number of times including a public meeting held at St George's Church in Heybridge Basin. There was also a community web based "blog" consultation. This process helped inform the content of the final document which is proposed to be formally adopted by the District Council as a Supplementary Planning Document. As adopted guidance the document will carry significant weight in the determination of future planning applications.

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## **2 Planning Policy Context**

#### Government guidance

2.1 The key tenets of Government guidance are contained in Planning Policy Statements (PPS) and Planning Policy Guidance Notes (PPG) as follows:

PPS 1	Delivering Sustainable Development
PPS 3	Housing
PPS 6	Planning for Town Centres
PPS 23	Planning and Pollution Control
PPS 25	Development and Flood Risk
PPG 13	Transport
PPG 15	Planning and the Historic Environment

- 2.2 The objective of Government policy and guidance is to encourage sustainable development through social progress, maintaining the economy, environmental protection and prudent use of resources. It promotes high quality design to enhance the quality of urban life and encourages the efficient use of land particularly where close to local facilities and public transport connections. The guidance recognises that well planned green spaces can help create pleasant urban environments.
- 2.3 PPG 13 advises that local authorities should make maximum use of sites which are highly accessible by public transport. PPS 3 promotes more sustainable patterns of development by focusing future housing development, in the first instance, within urban areas, and requiring that efficient use is made of previously developed land.
- 2.4 PPG 15 reinforces the provisions of the Planning (Listed Building and Conservation Areas) Act 1990, which requires local authorities to have regard to the desirability of preserving the setting of listed buildings. It also places an obligation on local authorities to preserve and enhance the special character of conservation areas. In relation to conservation areas that include the commercial centres of villages, the guidance stresses that local authorities should not seek to prevent new development, rather they should seek to protect character by managing change positively to allow the area to remain alive and prosperous.

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- 2.5 PPS 23 requires that potential for contamination to be present must be considered in relation to the existing use and circumstances of the land, the proposed new use and the possibility of encountering contamination during development. The potential for contamination and any risks arising must be properly assessed and that the development incorporates any necessary remediation and subsequent management measures to deal with unacceptable risks, including those covered by Part IIA of the EPA 1990.
- 2.6 PPS 25 requires that Local Planning Authorities (LPAs) prepare Local Development Documents (LDDs) that set out policies for the allocation of sites and the control of development which avoid flood risk to people and property where possible and manage it elsewhere, reflecting the approach to managing flood risk in this PPS 25:
  - where climate change is expected to increase flood risk so that some existing development may not be sustainable in the long-term, LPAs should consider whether there are opportunities in the preparation of LDDs to facilitate the relocation of development, including housing to more sustainable locations at less risk from flooding;
  - flood risk should be considered alongside other spatial planning issues such as transport, housing, economic growth, natural resources, regeneration, bio-diversity, the historic environment and the management of other hazards. Policies should recognise the positive contribution that avoidance and management of flood risk can make to the development of sustainable communities, including improved local amenities and better overall quality of life. They should be integrated effectively with other strategies of material significance such as Regional Economic Strategies.
- 2.7 In determining planning applications LPAs should
  - have regard to the policies in PPS 25 as material considerations which may supersede
    the policies in their existing development plan, when considering planning applications
    for developments in flood risk areas before that plan can be reviewed to reflect PPS 25;
  - ensure that planning applications are supported by site-specific flood risk assessments (FRAs) as appropriate;
  - apply the sequential approach at a site level to minimise risk by directing the most vulnerable development to areas of lowest flood risk, matching vulnerability of land use to flood risk;
  - give priority to the use of Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems (SUDS); and
  - ensure that all new development in flood risk areas is appropriately flood resilient and resistant, including safe access and escape routes where required, and that any residual risk can be safely managed.

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# Essex and Southend-on-Sea Replacement Structure Plan (April 2001)

- 2.8 The Essex and Southend-on-Sea Replacement Structure Plan forms part of the Approved Development Plan for the area. Its policies encapsulate recent Government guidance regarding sustainability and making efficient use of previously developed land.
- 2.9 Policies CS1 and BE1 seek to achieve significant enhancement of the vitality and viability of the urban environment. They require that efficient use is made of accessible land within existing urban areas that is well served by public transport. Policies CS1, BE2 and H4 promote mixed land uses.
- 2.10 Policy BE1 and CS2 establish a framework for protecting the character and townscape of the urban environment generally. Policies HC2 and HC3 provide extra protection for sites within defined conservation areas and the setting of listed buildings.
- 2.11 Policy BIW4 provides the basis for safeguarding employment sites currently in use from encroachment by other land uses.
- 2.12 Policy BE5 provides a framework for new development to provide/contribute to necessary improvements to community facilities, public services, transport provision and other essential infrastructure which is made necessary by the proposed development.

### Local Plan (2005)

- 2.13 At the local level the strategy for the District recognises the importance of protecting the coast and countryside whilst achieving a better balance between new homes and jobs within the District. The policy background is set by the Maldon District Replacement Local Plan (2005). The overall Strategic Objective regarding employment is to:
  - Si To make provision for sustainable employment opportunities.

# Policy E3 Mixed Use Development - Timber Yard, Heybridge Basin

Within the former timber yard site in Heybridge Basin shown on the Proposals Map, planning permission will be granted for a mixed-use development of housing and Class B1 employment uses provided:

- a. The extent of Class B1 uses promotes the objectives of the Employment Strategy
- b. Flood risk measures satisfy the requirements of the Environment Agency

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2.14 The Council acknowledges this policy is challenging and will not be easy to deliver. It reflects the difficult circumstances that face the community in an area of high environmental capital but poor economic links that may lead to socially and environmentally damaging patterns of long distance commuting for work.

## 3 The Site in Context of the Surrounding Area

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## 3 The Site in Context of the Surrounding Area

- 3.1 The site has an area of 1.9 ha and is a former timber yard that was associated with the canal. It continued to trade after the canal ceased commercial operations and was in operation until about 1988. It used to include the area of what is now Blackwater Close as part of the open air storage of bulk timber.
- 3.2 Access to the site was via the Basin Road entrance which is very constrained for HGV traffic and may in part have contributed to the closure of the former timber yard.
- 3.3 To the immediate south of the site there is the Heybridge Basin Conservation Area, which was designated to recognise the contribution of the old lock and basin to the character of the historic fabric of the area. To the immediate west there is open countryside with the adjacent settlement boundary on the west boundary of the site.
- **3.4** To the east and south there is the River Blackwater SSSI which was designated for its mudflats and estuarine wildlife.
- 3.5 The site is surrounded by residential development and the access along Basin Road does not include a footpath. The site has difficult access for HGV traffic, which acts as a constraint for prospective employment use that may require deliveries and collections.
- 3.6 The Conservation Area is unique in that it is applied to a relatively recent settlement, which was only created after the construction of the canal. As such it is a very recent built form.

# The Site in Context of the Surrounding Area 3

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Map 3.1 Site analysis as existing

## 4 Development Opportunities and Constraints

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## 4 Development Opportunities and Constraints

#### **Development Opportunities and Constraints**

- 4.1 The most significant constraint on the potential development of the site is the flood risk as set out in the Environment Agency Flood Maps. These show the site as having a 'moderate chance of flooding from the sea' i.e. a greater than 1 in 200 years risk. Initial Flood Risk Analysis carried out by the developers and agreed by the Environment Agency (EA) indicates the most significant risk of flooding is from a tidal event.
- 4.2 An initial Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) indicates the most significant risk is from an unexpected breach or overtopping of the sea defences leading to inundation of the site and surrounding area. Tidal overtopping of the defences has been examined and discounted as a significant risk on account of a number of factors including the limited volume of water that could flow over the sea wall during a high tide event.
- 4.3 However, overtopping is not necessarily separate from breach and it is possible that an overtopping event could lead to a breach. The risk in this situation is that the breach would not be predictable. On account of that the EA has taken a precautionary approach and sought initial flood protection measures that are based on the limited modelling work carried out to date.
- 4.4 In the absence of further information the EA has stipulated that all ground floor accommodation should not be enclosed and leave adequate opportunity for escape to upper floors. This places a considerable burden on developing the site insofar as the lower levels of any potential development must be discounted from development returns thereby placing a financial burden on any potential development.
- 4.5 Separately to the above, the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA) has recently introduced new priority scoring procedures for flood defence spending. The new scoring process weighs the cost of maintaining the sea defence against the value of the area that is protected. The Basin is protected by 7 km of sea walls and is part of a flood cell that stretches from Heybridge to Goldhanger in which there are about 400 homes in total. The scoring process will determine whether the EA will continue to maintain the sea wall.
- 4.6 Given the location of the site in the proximity to the Heybridge Basin Conservation Area any potential development must be designed to enhance the setting of the Conservation Area.

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### 5 Land Use

#### Land Use issues and guidance

5.1 The Council is promoting the regeneration of this site to address the visual impact on the landscape of Heybridge Basin. The Council does not need to use this site to meet strategic housing requirements as it has already identified sufficient land to deliver the housing allocation as set out in the Approved Development Plan.

#### Mixed-uses

- Any new residential development will be served by existing local retail centres at Heybridge and Maldon. The poor proximity of the site to existing workplaces, public transport and facilities limits the extent to which this site can be predominantly residential. Non-residential uses integrated with residential will help to maintain a mixed-use character, generate activity throughout the day and help to enliven the locality in general. Subsidised use of areas at ground level, targeted at local need and making a positive impact on local waterfront activities which are being eroded due to lack of affordable spaces for them to continue will be welcomed.
- 5.3 On this site, the Council will seek mixed-uses to meet the following objectives:
  - Creation of a sustainable residential neighbourhood;
  - Creation of a safe, lively character with a variety of activity.

### **Development Requirements**

Table 1 Development requirements

Amount of non residential floorspace	Minimum 30% of the developed floorspace. This is seen as a minimum practical amount of non-residential floor space to promote effective mixed use.
Preferred location of non-residential uses for diversity, street level interest and safety.	The Council will seek non-residential uses at ground floor level on the site in order to contribute to the diversity of uses and to address flood issues and create focal points for activity.
Adaptable units	The Council will accept attractive, open-fronted, high ceiling, mergable / sub-divisible, flexible-use units, capable of accommodating alternative non

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	residential uses, in the interests of creating a business character, meeting unforeseen demand and for future economic sustainability.
Appropriate intensity of use and satisfactory built form.	The Council wants to avoid segregated uses. It will not accept single storey buildings and detached, single-use buildings. Residential developers will be encouraged to develop mixed-use buildings.

#### **Possible Land Uses**

- 5.4 New development should complement the existing surrounding uses and exploit the close association with the setting of the canal. The Council envisages that new residential and employment uses will be complementary to the existing grain of the conservation area.
- 5.5 Within the possible land uses outlined below, distinctions are drawn between uses that the Council consider are essential, desirable or acceptable. All the uses stated below are compatible with each other as long as they are carefully integrated within the overall development scheme and surrounding area, attending to possible excessive impact in terms of traffic, noise and activity.

Table 2 Possible land uses

Private residential Use Class C3	Taking account of the EA's concerns over flooding together with the difficult access to the village a minimum number of mixed tenure, mixed size residential units, is preferred, (subject to comments relating to B1 use).  The Council will seek affordable housing in accordance with the adopted Local Plan which may be in the form of commuted payments instead of on site provision.
Business ** Use Class B1	The inclusion of Class B1 use within the area covered by the brief is an essential requirement to meet the employment objectives of the adopted Local Plan.
	The Council will accept different types of accommodation including:  premises for small and medium size B1 businesses;
	managed workspace for small enterprises sharing resources;

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	<ul> <li>flexible use A1/B1workshops and studios;</li> <li>flexible use community or low value artisan activity associated with the nearby canal and waterside facilities.</li> </ul>
	An intensive employment use such as headquarters offices would be not desirable due to the local transport infrastructure.
Professional services Use Class A2	Non-retail uses serving visiting members of the public will be acceptable, (architects, accountants, public relations etc).
Restaurants & Cafes Use Class A3	A Class A3 use is acceptable provided it is integrated with new living and working accommodation and complements the setting of the canal and maritime history of the village / neighbourhood.
Drinking Establishments Use Class A4	A Class A4 use may be acceptable provided it is integrated with living and working accommodation and management processes can be introduced to control access and noise. It must also complement the setting of the canal and maritime history of the village / neighbourhood.
Hotel Use Class C1	A hotel would be acceptable to promote the tourist offer in the district.
Non-residential institutions	Community uses such as place of worship or arts, meeting rooms, educational and cultural uses are encouraged subject to a needs assessment. However due to flood risk, permitted development rights for
Use Class D1	use as health, daycare, crèche / nursery resources will be withdrawn by planning conditions.

<sup>\*\*</sup> With regards to employment, Heybridge Basin has poor links to the general economy due to the location on a riverside with only one access road which itself is off a B Class road that is not part of the main highway network. The Council accepts that its peripheral location is unlikely to attract high value added business that can afford to build or occupy new units that are flood resilient. Regardless of the type of business that occupies the site the issue of flooding must still be addressed.

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Table 3 Unacceptable use form or development

Large space single storey premises	Low intensity buildings that create a weak urban form.
Development heavily reliant on motor vehicle usage	Motor vehicle oriented uses would conflict with design and sustainability objectives.
Residential institutions  Use Class C2	Residential accommodation for special needs is not considered acceptable on account of the flood risk and the undesirability of locating vulnerable people in an area of risk.

### Traffic and Circulation 6

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### **6 Traffic and Circulation**

#### **Network requirements**

- 6.1 The Council will expect the design of any scheme to be founded upon an enhanced pedestrian / cycleway network:
  - A pedestrian / cycle link to facilitate movement between the site and Heybridge as expressed in Policy T4 of the adopted Local Plan.
- 6.2 The most important objective for the development of this area is overcoming the barriers to pedestrian links with the main settlements of Heybridge and Maldon. These links are essential to help justify low car parking requirements and encourage use of public transport. This will require creating routes through the development site, but will also involve exploring with adjoining owners the possible integration with linkages across adjoining land.
- 6.3 The Council will assist by enabling:
  - Changes to the existing canal towpath to facilitate a cycle route to extend into the site by working in partnership with the Highways Authority to provide relevant Traffic Regulation Orders.
  - Creating the framework to provide for developer contributions to finance the works.

### Acceptable access points

6.4 The site has two access points; the original site entrance on Basin Road and the potential entrance on Blackwater Close. The Council wish to see access divided so that neither access point takes all the movement associated with the site. The Council will expect to see permeability and through access but that such access will be managed so that the site does not become a "Rat Run" for egress from the Basin. It will be necessary to control HGV traffic during the construction and development of the site to ensure the protection of the local community.

### Circulation within the development

6.5 Access and circulation to buildings, within private and public spaces must be suitable for people with disabilities.

# 6 Traffic and Circulation

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6.6 Pedestrian routes should be direct, legible, safe and attractive. Cycle routes should be indicated by paving materials of different colour or levels and be open and attractive with good forward visibility. Vehicle routes should follow the pedestrian network and be designed to regulate traffic flows and speeds.

#### Vehicle servicing needs

6.7 All uses should provide suitable arrangements for off-street servicing and refuse collection. The Council will require details of the types of vehicles and frequency of visit for each use to ensure satisfactory provision. Service access for existing surrounding buildings should be maintained.

### Vehicle parking

- 6.8 Car parking provision will be assessed with reference to Maldon District Council Vehicle Parking Standards Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) 2006. In new residential development this requires, a maximum of one space per dwelling for off-street car parking. (This document is available on the Maldon District Council Web site at www.maldon.gov.uk).
- 6.9 For non-residential development, parking provision should aim to accord with the standards set out in the Vehicle Parking Standards SPD together with its amendments. The Council will encourage well thought out, multiple and shared use design solutions to car parking provision.
- 6.10 The potential impact on car parking for existing properties should be assessed in the light of the Council's transport policies.

### Cycle parking

6.11 Cycle parking provision will be assessed with reference to Maldon District Council Vehicle Parking Standards SPD 2006. In residential and workplace development, there is a need for secure, covered storage for bikes at ground level. Cycle parking spaces in underground garages would be acceptable provided that a lockable enclosure is included.

## Design Principles 7

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## 7 Design Principles

7.1 Redevelopment will offer the opportunity to complete the built form of the Basin. The principal need is to integrate development with the surrounding urban form by means of routes and views through as well as repairing and enhancing the appearance of existing streets and respecting existing residential amenities. Key principles will include:

#### **Existing buildings**

- 7.2 The buildings on the site have become closely associated with the Timber Yard's historic links with the canal in its former use. Although they are now beyond economic repair the replacement of the existing buildings should be carefully considered in the formulation of development options and proposals. The Council would like existing buildings to be seen as an asset and a positive development opportunity.
- 7.3 The redevelopment of the site should be based around the existing bulk and form of the old industrial sheds which are now part of the fabric of the village. This offers the opportunity to create a new built form that respects the history of the community and area.

### **Building form following routes**

7.4 Building masses should be arranged around and shaped by routes between the potential access and egress locations on site. Routes should be legible, pleasant and safe.

#### **Built edges**

7.5 The development should have well-defined built edges. The following provides guidance as to the most likely locations: (see drawing on Chapter 8 Implementation)

#### Main building 1

Replacement on existing footprint utilising existing ridge height to inform new built form.

#### Main building 2

Replacement building using existing footprint but allowing more height in roof to provide accommodation above.

#### Possible new building 1

Linear form to follow Southern boundary and edge of existing hard standing.

## 7 Design Principles

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#### Possible new building 2

Square large bulk building to replicate form and treatment of main buildings 1&2.

#### Frontages to new routes and spaces

All buildings should face forwards where they adjoin public paths, roads and spaces. Street level elevations must be varied and attractive.

#### Surface treatment and finish

Finishing treatment (including weatherboarding / shiplap, rough sawn bulk timber not fine detailed and polished etc.) that makes reference to the maritime and historical features of the Basin is preferred.

#### Fenestration

In keeping with the industrial historical style of the site.

### Location and quality of public open space

- 7.6 Open spaces should be located where they are visible and accessible from the surrounding area. An area of community public amenity space would be desirable, although other open space arrangements may be acceptable. Open spaces should be located and shaped to help create a sense of location and community ownership. The Council will welcome open spaces designed to promote bio-diversity generally and wildlife habitats in particular.
- 7.7 The triangle of "open land in timber yard ownership" to the north of the canal which is separate from this site (shown in the drawing on page two) may offer the opportunity for pubic amenity space.
- 7.8 Public space should be attractive with a high degree of casual surveillance from surrounding properties to encourage good levels of usage. Well-lit public cycle and pedestrian routes that provide a safe and secure environment will be encouraged. The Council will encourage shared access, parking, amenity play spaces, on the "home-zone" principle, subject to management and maintenance arrangements.
- 7.9 All footways must be convenient and comfortable for all users, allowing level access to building entrances and usable by wheelchair users.

## Design Principles 7

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#### Layout within the site

- **7.10** The layout within the site should recognise the layout and orientation of the existing industrial layout. It should allow for views into and through the development.
- **7.11** Building massing based on the use of large blocks with outward facing continuous frontages and secluded private areas is acceptable.
- 7.12 Orientation of building fronts and backs should ensure privacy for occupants and adequate surveillance of streets, pedestrian and cycle links and public spaces. The site may be laid out to facilitate shared access to the Chapel Lane dwellings if this delivers urban design benefits including better access for emergency services.

### Car parking design

- 7.13 Car parking should be provided in a mixture of different forms. Taking account of the existing flood risk underground car parking, ground level parking under the rear of buildings or parking hidden behind buildings are acceptable.
- **7.14** Boulevard parking on street space between the fronts of buildings and parking squares designed as public realm may also be possible. Car and cycle parking areas should have good surveillance and designed to deter crime.

### **Drainage**

7.15 In conjunction with car parking and open / circulation space the site will need to adopt Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems (SUDS) in order to minimise the flood risk from fluvial events.

## 8 Implementation

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## 8 Implementation

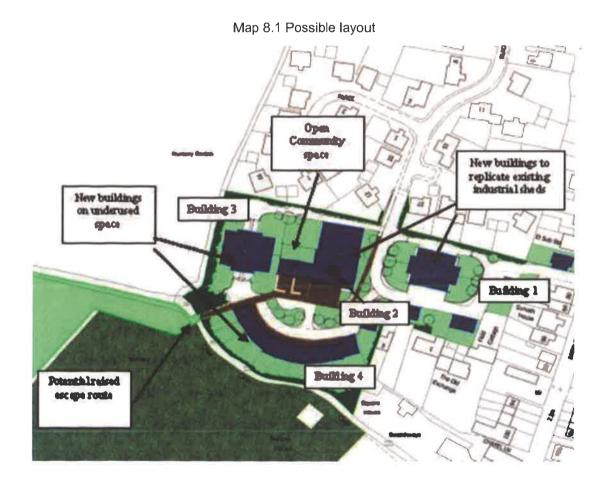
8.1 The Council want the advice in this brief firstly to assist prospective developers with clear planning guidance. The Council anticipates that developers will bring forward schemes for the redevelopment of the site, having regard to the contents of this brief.

### Planning application requirements

- 8.2 The following applies:
  - A planning application may be made for full or outline permission. If an outline application
    is submitted, the application should be accompanied as a minimum by a Master Plan
    showing the proposed layout, key urban design principles, and mix of uses proposed.
  - The initial planning application should relate to the whole of the area covered by the brief. In order to ensure the entire site is developed, proposals for development of part of the site will not be acceptable.
  - Any application should be accompanied by evidence in respect of the impact of the development on the following matters:
    - 1. Full compliance with PPS 25;
    - 2. Access, transport and parking;
    - 3. Urban Design approach;
    - 4. Ground Condition Survey;
    - 5. An independent appraisal of wildlife and fauna on site to include effect on the nearby Blackwater SSSI;
    - 6. Environmental Assessment if the proposal is likely to have a significant effect on the environment;
    - 7. Contamination study and programme of remedial works in compliance with PPS 23.
  - A planning application should be accompanied by a feasibility study examining the most appropriate means of achieving pedestrian / cycleway improvements between the site and the main settlement areas at Heybridge and Maldon.

# Implementation 8

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Note: This drawing is not intended to show acceptable massing height finish or layout nor in any way to indicate the type of building that may be acceptable.

# 8 Implementation

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# Appendix 1: Adopted Replacement Local Plan Policies

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## Appendix 1: Adopted Replacement Local Plan Policies

## **Explanation of Employment Strategy Si**

Employment Objectives		
Ei,	To encourage employment growth opportunity and prosperity in a sustainable manner, which caters for both the needs of the urban and rural areas of the District whilst protecting the environment.	
Eii.	To promote the use of suitable buildings in the countryside for employment uses.	
Eiii.	To protect from changes to other uses all the existing large employment sites and allocations which are major generators of employment.	
Eiv.	To encourage new firms and opportunities for the growth of local firms.	
Ev.	To provide sufficient land for employment development to meet the requirements of the Structure Plan.	
Evi.	To improve the quality and encourage the maximum use of existing allocated employment areas, increasing the potential for employment opportunities and providing a high quality environment.	
Evii.	To encourage the use of land and buildings in connection with tourism.	
Eviii.	To provide an appropriate level of employment opportunities in the smaller settlements and the countryside.	

# Appendix 1: Adopted Replacement Local Plan Policies

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#### Preamble to Policy E3:

This site is located close to the Heybridge Basin Conservation Area. Development must conserve or enhance the setting of the conservation area. It is within a tidal flood risk area and development must satisfy the requirements of the Environment Agency. Access is constrained by the capacity of Basin Road and the junction on the Goldhanger Road. The employment component of a mixed-use development must make a contribution to the employment strategy of the Local Plan.

### POLICY E3 Mixed Use Development - Timber Yard, Heybridge Basin

Within the former timber yard site in Heybridge Basin shown on the Proposals Map, planning permission will be granted for a mixed-use development of housing and Class B1 employment uses provided:

- a. The extent of Class B1 uses promotes the objectives of the Employment Strategy.
- b. Flood risk measures satisfy the requirements of the Environment Agency.
- c. Development conserves and enhances the setting of the nearby Conservation Area.

### POLICY CON1 Development in Areas at Risk from Flooding

Development in areas at risk of flooding as shown by the latest Flood Risk Maps will only be permitted where:

- 1. There are no alternative sites suitable for the type of proposed development at lower risk of flooding taking account of all sustainability criteria; and
- 2. It would not have an adverse impact on the function of the flood zone; and
- 3. It would not increase the risk of flooding elsewhere.

## Appendix 1: Adopted Replacement Local Plan Policies

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With regards to building Policy BE1 applies:

#### **POLICY BE1 Design of New Development and Landscaping**

Development Proposals will be permitted if:-

- a. They are compatible with their surroundings, and/or improve the surrounding location in terms of :
  - i. Layout
  - ii. Site coverage
  - iii. Architectural style
  - iv. Scale / bulk / height
  - v. External materials
  - vi. Visual impact
  - vii. Effect on the safety and/or amenity of neighbouring properties or the occupiers therein
  - viii. Relationship to mature trees
  - ix. Relationship to important landscape or open spaces
  - x. Traffic impact and access arrangements.
- b. Within defined development boundaries they harmonise with the general character of the area in which they are set;
- c. Outside defined development boundaries they make a positive contribution to the landscape and open countryside;
- d. Measures to protect important nearby features such as trees and historic buildings during the construction process are included;
- e. Landscaping is included as an integral part of the overall design;
- f. Amenity space is provided appropriate to the type of development.

**DESIGNED AND PRODUCED BY** 

MALDON DISTRICT COUNCIL PRINCES ROAD MALDON ESSEX CM9 5DL

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